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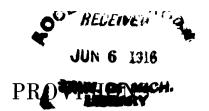
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OF THE

# Constitution and Statutes of California

Governing the Submission of Measures to the Whole People by the

# Initiative and Referendum

COMPILED BY
The Legislative Counsel Bureau



CALIFORNIA
STATE PRINTING OFFICE
1916

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## PROVISIONS OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION RELATING TO THE INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM.

[Article IV, Section 1, of the Constitution, as amended October 10, 1911.]

The legislative power of this state shall be vested in a senate Legislative and assembly which shall be designated "The Legislature of power. the State of California," but the people reserve to themselves Power the power to propose laws and amendments to the constitution, people. and to adopt or reject the same, at the polls independent of the legislature, and also reserve the power, at their own option, to so adopt or reject any act, or section or part of any act, passed by the legislature. The enacting clause of every law Enacting shall be "The people of the State of California do enact as clause. follows:".

The first power reserved to the people shall be known as The the initiative. Upon the presentation to the secretary of state of a petition certified as herein provided to have been signed by qualified electors, equal in number to eight per cent of all signatures the votes cast for all candidates for governor at the last preceding general election, at which a governor was elected, proposing a law or amendment to the constitution, set forth in full in said petition, the secretary of state shall submit the said When Secretary of State proposed law or amendment to the constitution to the electors must submit the said when Secretary of State proposed law or amendment to the constitution to the electors must submit the said when the said when the said when the said when Secretary of State proposed law or amendment to the constitution to the electors must submit the said when Secretary of State proposed law or amendment to the constitution to the electors. at the next succeeding general election occurring subsequent to ninety days after the presentation aforesaid of said petition, or at any special election called by the governor in his discretion prior to such general election. All such initiative petitions shall have printed across the top thereof in twelve point blackface type the following: "Initiative measure to be submitted Petition to be entitled.

directly to the electors."

Upon the presentation to the secretary of state, at any time When Secnot less than ten days before the commencement of any regular state must session of the legislature, of a petition certified as herein provided to have been signed by qualified electors of the state equal in number to five per cent of all the votes cast for all candidates for governor at the last preceding general election, at which a governor was elected, proposing a law set forth in full in said petition, the secretary of state shall transmit the same to the legislature as soon as it convenes and organizes. The law proposed by such petition shall be either enacted or Legislature rejected without change or amendment by the legislature, amend. within forty days from the time it is received by the legislature.

If any law proposed by such petition shall be enacted by the referendum. legislature it shall be subject to referendum, as hereinafter provided. If any law so petitioned for he rejected, or if no If rejected action is taken upon it by the legislature, within said forty upon must days, the secretary of state shall submit it to the people for be submitted at next approval or rejection at the next ensuing general election. election. The legislature may reject any measure so proposed by initia- Legislature tive petition and propose a different one on the same subject substitute.

Petition to be entitled.

by a yea and nay vote upon separate roll call, and in such event both measures shall be submitted by the secretary of state to the electors for approval or rejection at the next ensuing general election or at a prior special election called by the governor, in his discretion, for such purpose. All said initiative petitions last above described shall have printed in twelve point blackface type the following: "Initiative measure to be presented to the legislature."

The referendum.

Laws go into effect ninety days after adjournment of legislature.

The second power reserved to the people shall be known as the referendum. No act passed by the legislature shall go into effect until ninety days after the final adjournment of the session of the legislature which passed such act, except acts calling elections, acts providing for tax levies or appropriations for the usual current expenses of the state, and urgency measures necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, passed by a two-thirds vote of all the members elected to each house. Whenever it is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety that a law shall go into immediate effect, a statement of the facts constituting such necessity shall be set forth in one section of the act, which section shall be passed only upon a yea and nay vote, upon a separate roll call thereon; provided, however, that no measure creating or abolishing any office or changing the salary, term or duties of any officer, or granting any franchise or special privilege, or creating any vested right or interest, shall be construed to be an urgency measure. Any law so passed by the legislature and declared to be an urgency measure shall go into immediate effect.

Facts to be set forth.

What not urgency measure.

Urgency measures go into effect immediately.

Signatures required.

Submission' at general or special election.

Referendum against part of act.

part of act.

Takes effect five days after declaration of vote.

Upon the presentation to the secretary of state within ninety days after the final adjournment of the legislature of a petition certified as herein provided to have been signed by qualified electors equal in number to five per cent of all the votes cast for all candidates for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected, asking that any act or section or part of any act of the legislature be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection, the secretary of state shall submit to the electors for their approval or rejection, such act, or section or part of such act at the next succeeding general election occurring at any time subsequent to thirty days after the filing of said petition or at any special election which may be called by the governor, in his discretion, prior to such regular election, and no such act or section or part of such act shall go into effect until and unless approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon; but if a referendum petition is filed against any section or part of any act the remainder of such act shall not be delayed from going into effect.

Any act, law or amendment to the constitution submitted to the people by either initiative or referendum petition and approved by a majority of the votes cast thereon, at any election. shall take effect five days after the date of the official declaration of the vote by the secretary of state. No act, law or Not subject amendment to the constitution, initiated or adopted by the people, shall be subject to the veto power of the governor, and no act, law or amendment to the constitution, adopted by the people at the polls under the initiative provisions of this section, shall be amended or repealed except by a vote of the electors, unless otherwise provided in said initiative measure; Amendment but acts and laws adopted by the people under the referendum or repeal. provisions of this section may be amended by the legislature at any subsequent session thereof. If any provision or provisions provisions, of two or more measures, approved by the electors at the same election, conflict, the provision or provisions of the measure receiving the highest affirmative vote shall prevail. Until other-arguments. wise provided by law, all measures submitted to a vote of the electors, under the provisions of this section, shall be printed, and together with arguments for and against each such measure by the proponents and opponents thereof, shall be mailed to each elector in the same manner as now provided by law as to amendments to the constitution, proposed by the legislature; and the persons to prepare and present such arguments shall, until otherwise provided by law, be selected by the presiding officer of the senate.

If for any reason any initiative or referendum measure, pro- when posed by petition as herein provided, be not submitted at the at later election specified in this section, such failure shall not prevent election. its submission at a succeeding general election, and no law or amendment to the constitution, proposed by the legislature, shall be submitted at any election unless at the same election there shall be submitted all measures proposed by petition of All measures to be subthe electors if any be so proposed as herein provided mitted. the electors, if any be so proposed, as herein provided.

Any initiative or referendum petition may be presented in Petition may be filed in sections, but each section shall contain a full and correct copy sections. of the title and text of the proposed measure. Each signer Formal shall add to his signature his place of residence, giving the street and number if such exist. His election precinct shall also appear on the paper after his name. The number of signatures attached to each section shall be at the pleasure of the person soliciting signatures to the same. Any qualified elector solicit. of the state shall be competent to solicit said signatures within the county or city and county of which he is an elector. section of the petition shall bear the name of the county or city and county in which it is circulated, and only qualified electors of such county or city and county shall be competent to sign such section. Each section shall have attached thereto the affidavit of the person soliciting signatures to the same, stating his own qualifications and that all the signatures to the attached section were made in his presence and that to the best of his knowledge and belief each signature to the section is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be, and no other affidavit thereto shall be required. The affidavit Verification free. of any person soliciting signatures hereunder shall be verified

Prima facie evidence. free of charge by any officer authorized to administer oaths. Such petitions so verified shall be prima facie evidence that the signatures thereon are genuine and that the persons signing the same are qualified electors. Unless and until it be otherwise proven upon official investigation, it shall be presumed that the petition presented contains the signatures of the requisite number of qualified electors.

Filing of sections.

Clerk to determine sufficiency within twenty days.

Clerk to certify and transmit to Secretary of State.

Copy in Clerk's office. Supple-

Supplemental petition within forty days.

Ten days to determine sufficiency of supplemental petition.

Certificate of Secretary of State.

When petition deemed filed.

Duty of Clerk.

Registrar of Voters.

Each section of the petition shall be filed with the clerk or registrar of voters of the county or city and county in which it was circulated, but all said sections circulated in any county or city and county shall be filed at the same time. Within twenty days after the filing of such petition in his office the said clerk, or registrar of voters, shall determine from the records of registration what number of qualified electors have signed the same, and if necessary the board of supervisors shall allow said clerk or registrar additional assistants for the purpose of examining such petition and provide for their compensation. clerk or registrar, upon the completion of such examination, shall forthwith attach to said petition, except the signatures thereto appended, his certificate, properly dated, showing the result of said examination and shall forthwith transmit said petition, together with his said certificate, to the secretary of state and also file a copy of said certificate in his office. forty days from the transmission of the said petition and certificate by the clerk or registrar to the secretary of state, a supplemental petition identical with the original as to the body of the petition but containing supplemental names, may be filed with the clerk or registrar of voters, as aforesaid. The clerk or registrar of voters shall within ten days after the filing of such supplemental petition make like examination thereof, as of the original petition, and upon the completion of such examination shall forthwith attach to said petition his certificate. properly dated, showing the result of said examination, and shall forthwith transmit a copy of said supplemental petition, except the signatures thereto appended, together with his cer-

When the secretary of state shall have received from one or more county clerks or registrars of voters a petition certified as herein provided to have been signed by the requisite number of qualified electors, he shall forthwith transmit to the county clerk or registrar of voters of every county or city and county in the state his certificate showing such fact. A petition shall be deemed to be filed with the secretary of state upon the date of the receipt by him of a certificate or certificates showing said petition to be signed by the requisite number of electors of the state. Any county clerk or registrar of voters shall, upon receipt of such copy, file the same for record in his office. The duties herein imposed upon the clerk or registrar of voters shall be performed by such registrar of voters in all cases where the office of registrar of voters exists.

tificate, to the secretary of state.

The initiative and referendum powers of the people are Municipality hereby further reserved to the electors of each county, city and palities. county, city and town of the state, to be exercised under such procedure as may be provided by law. Until otherwise provided by law, the legislative body of any such county, city and county, city or town may provide for the manner of exercising the initiative and referendum powers herein reserved to such counties, cities and counties, cities and towns, but shall not require more than fifteen per cent of the electors thereof to propose any initiative measure nor more than ten per cent of the electors thereof to order the referendum. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as affecting or limiting the present or future powers of cities or cities and counties having charters adopted under the provisions of section eight of article eleven of this constitution. In the submission to the electors General laws. of any measure under this section, all officers shall be guided by the general laws of this state, except as is herein otherwise provided. This section is self-executing, but legislation may be section enacted to facilitate its operation, but in no way limiting or selfrestricting either the provisions of this section or the powers Legislation herein reserved.

operation.

# ATTORNEY GENERAL TO PREPARE TITLE AND SUMMARY FOR INITIATIVE MEASURES.

[Political Code, Section 1197a, adopted 1915—Chapter 42, Statutes of 1915.]

Title and summary to be prepared prior to circulation. It shall be the duty of the proponents of any initiative measure relating to the constitution or the laws of the State of California, prior to circulating any petition for signatures thereon, to submit a draft of said petition to the attorney general with a request that he prepare a title, and summary of the chief purposes and points of said proposed measure. Such title and summary shall forthwith be prepared in the manner provided for the preparation of ballot titles in paragraph three of section one thousand one hundred ninety-seven of the Political Code. Said title and summary shall not exceed one hundred words in all.

Not to exceed one hundred words.

#### HEADING ON EACH PAGE OF PETITION.

[Political Code, Section 1197b, adopted 1915—Chapter 42, Statutes of 1915.]

The proponents of any proposed initiative measure shall place upon each section of the petition in relation thereto above the text of the measure the title and summary referred to in section one thousand one hundred ninety-seven a of the Political Code not exceeding one hundred words in all. Across the top of each page of any petition asking that any act or section, or part of any act of the legislature be submitted to the electors for their approval or rejection, there shall be printed in twelve-point black-face type the following:

Heading.

"REFERENDUM AGAINST AN ACT PASSED BY THE LEGISLATURE."

Short title.

Across the top of each page after the first page of every initiative, referendum or recall petition or section thereof which may be prepared and circulated in accordance with law there shall be printed in eighteen-point gothic type a short title, in not to exceed twenty words, showing the nature of the petition and the subject to which it relates.

When not filed.

No officer chargeable by law with receiving or filing in his office any initiative, referendum or recall petition shall receive or file any such petition which does not conform with the provisions of this section. This section shall apply only to initiative, referendum and recall measures affecting the constitution or laws of the state, or state officers.

### CO-OPERATION IN PREPARATION OF INITIATIVE MEASURES BY CHIEF OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU.

[Chapter 41, Statutes of 1915.]

It shall also be the duty of the chief of the legis- When chief lative counsel bureau, whenever in his judgment there is reason-counsel able probability that an initiative measure will be submitted bureau to co-operate, to the voters of the State of California under the laws of the state relating to the submission of measures by initiative, to co-operate with the proponents of said measure in the preparation of said law when requested in writing so to do by twentyfive or more electors proposing such a measure.

#### WHO QUALIFIED TO SIGN PETITION.

[Political Code, Section 1083a, as amended by Chapter 138, Statutes of 1915.]

Wherever, by the constitution or laws of this state, any initiative, referendum, recall or nominating petition or paper, or any petition or paper, is required to be signed by qualified electors, only an elector who is a registered qualified elector at only the time he signs such petition or paper shall be entitled to latest sign the same, and no elector shall be entitled to sign any such registration can sign. petition or paper on or after the first day of January of an even-numbered year unless he shall, on or since said first day of January, have made an affidavit of registration as required by law. Such signer shall at the time of so signing such petition Date to be or paper affix thereto the date of such signing. Wherever, by signature. the constitution or laws of this state, the county clerk or registrar of voters is required to determine from the records of registration what number of qualified electors have signed such petition or paper, he shall determine that fact with respect to qualification the purported signature of any person from the affidavit of mined from registration, and records relating thereto, current and in effect current registration. at the date of such signing of such petition or paper.

## PENALTY FOR SIGNING FICTITIOUS NAME OR NAME OF ANOTHER.

[Penal Code, Section 472a, adopted 1915—Chapter 43, Statutes of 1915.]

Every person who subscribes to any initiative, referendum or recall petition or to any nominating petition a fictitious name, or who subscribes thereto the name of another, is guilty of a felony and is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than one nor more than fourteen years.

# PENALTY FOR MISREPRESENTATION AS TO PETITIONS, FOR UNLAWFUL CIRCULATION AND FILING THEREOF, FOR SIGNING SUCH PETITION MORE THAN ONCE, ETC.

[Penal Code, Section 64b, adopted 1915-Chapter 49, Statutes of 1915.]

1. It shall be unlawful for any person circulating, as principal or agent, or having charge or control of the circulation of, or obtaining signatures to, any petition authorized or provided for by the constitution or laws of the State of California regulating the initiative, referendum or recall to misrepresent or make any false statement concerning the contents, purport or effect of any such petition to any person who signs, or who desires to sign, or who is requested to sign, or who makes inquiries with reference to any such petition, or to whom any such petition is presented for his or her signature.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person to wilfully or knowingly circulate, publish or exhibit any false statement or misrepresentation concerning the contents, purport or effect of any petition mentioned in this section for the purpose of obtaining any signature to any such petition or for the purpose of per-

suading any person to sign any such petition.

Filing or receiving petition with signatures not genuine.

Misrenre-

sentation as

to contents

3. It shall be unlawful for any person to file in the office of the clerk or other officer provided by law to receive such filing, any petition mentioned in this section to which is attached, appended or subscribed any signature which the person so filing such petition knows to be false or fraudulent or not the genuine signature of the person purporting to sign such petition or whose name is attached, appended or subscribed thereto.

Circulating petition improperly signed.

4. It shall be unlawful for any person to circulate, or cause to be circulated, any petition mentioned in this section, knowing the same to contain false, forged or fictitious names.

False affidavit. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person to make any false affidavit concerning any petition mentioned in this section or the signatures appended thereto.

False certification.

6. It shall be unlawful for any public official or employee knowingly to make any false return, certification or affidavit, concerning any petition mentioned in this section, or the signatures appended thereto.

Signing more than once or without being qualified.

7. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sign his own name more than once to any petition mentioned in this act, or to sign his name to any such petition knowing himself at the time of such signing not to be qualified to sign the same.

Penalty.

8. Any person, either as principal or agent, violating any of the provisions of this section is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison, or in a county jail, not exceeding two years, or by fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or by both.

#### PRINTING OF PAMPHLETS.

[Political Code, Section 1195a, as amended by Chapter 540, Statutes of 1915.]

The secretary of state shall cause to be printed at the state Number of printing office one and one-fifth times as many pamphlets as pamphlets as there are registered voters in the state. Such pamphlets shall contents. contain a complete copy of all constitutional amendments, propositions and measures submitted to a vote of the electors of the state by the legislature, or by initiative or referendum petition, a copy of the corresponding constitutional or statutory provisions as then in force, if any, and a copy of the statements provided for in section one thousand one hundred ninety-five in this code and in section one, article four of the constitution of the State of California. The parts of the proposed amendments differing from the existing provisions shall therein be distinguished in print, so as to facilitate comparison. All questions, propositions, measures and constitutional amendments which are to be submitted to a vote of the electors shall be printed in said pamphlets, so far as possible, in the same order, manner and form in which the same shall be designated order. upon the ballot and shall be designated thereon by the respective ballot titles or designations which may be provided there-Said ballot titles shall be numbered consecutively and Ballot titles. printed on the pamphlets herein referred to immediately prior to the particular question, proposition, measure or constitutional amendment therein referred to. There shall also be printed on said pamphlets the copy of said ballot title or designation as the same will appear on the ballots when voted on in the order and with the proper number which ballot title or designation shall be the method by which said questions, propositions and constitutional amendments shall be designated on the ballots.

#### DISTRIBUTION OF PAMPHLETS.

[Political Code, Section 1195b, adopted in 1915—Chapter 540, Statutes of 1915.]

The secretary of state shall duly, and not less than thirty Pamphlets to days before the election next ensuant at which such amendand sent to ments, propositions, measures or questions are to be voted on, days before certify such pamphlet and the matters contained therein and furnish each county clerk in the state with one and one-fifth times as many copies of such pamphlets as there are registered voters in his county. The clerk of each county shall not more Clerk to mail to voters. than twenty-five days, nor less than fifteen days prior to said election, cause to be mailed to each voter a copy of such pamphlet and no other publication of such amendments, propositions, measures, questions or statements shall be necessary or authorized. Three copies of such pamphlets, to be supplied copies in by the secretary of state, shall be kept at every polling place, places. while an election is in progress, so that they may be freely consulted by the electors.

#### PRESERVATION OF PETITIONS.

[Political Code, Section 1194, adopted 1915—Chapter 152, Statutes of 1915.]

The secretary of state shall preserve for a period of four years in his office all initiative, referendum and recall petitions filed therein under the provisions of law and shall thereafter destroy the same unless they have been introduced in evidence in some action or proceeding then pending.



